



Inspection Report

Wuanita Swedlund
505 State Street
Farmington, IA 52626

Customer ID: **6017421**
Certificate: **42-B-0340**
Site: 001
Wuanita Swedlund

Type: FOCUSED INSPECTION
Date: 29-JUN-2026

2.40(b)(2)

Repeat

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

The licensee is not using appropriate methods to prevent and treat disease and illness in 2 adult dogs and 5 puppies. One adult female Yorkshire Terrier identified as "Poppy" has areas of thinning hair coat and visible fleas. The licensee is currently using only dawn dish soap for flea prevention. "Poppy" also has a build up of brown organic material present on approximately 50% of the upper cheek teeth. The right side upper cheek teeth are fully encased in hardened medium brown plaque material. Poppy is nursing three puppies and fleas were observed on 2 of the three puppies. All puppies had some small skin lesions on the back of their necks. The lesions were superficial, approximately 2mm in size and scabbed over.

One adult female Pug identified as "Heaven" has a widespread area of skin on her abdomen surrounding all mammary glands that is mildly reddened and inflamed with areas that are scabbed over. The licensee is currently treating the area with topical antibiotic ointment. "Heaven" was evaluated for fleas and no fleas were seen. Heaven is currently nursing 5 puppies and fleas were seen on 2 out of the five puppies. Some mild skin irritation was observed on the back of the puppies' necks.

A third adult female Yorkshire terrier "Bailey" was examined for fleas and none were seen, though a small amount of flea feces was seen in her fur. Bailey is currently nursing 5 puppies and one flea was seen on one puppy.

Not using appropriate methods to control parasites like fleas can cause skin irritation and discomfort and can progress to more severe disease. Poor dental health can cause pain and suffering. Skin conditions that are not appropriately treated can be painful and progress to more severe disease.

The facility must use appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries in the regulated animals. The facility must ensure each animal receives adequate veterinary care at all times. The facility must have these dogs evaluated by a licensed veterinarian to assess their health to develop an effective treatment plan. These medical records must be available for APHIS inspection. A discussion was had with the licensee that correction for this noncompliance was required prior to 5PM on the day of inspection.

3.2(a)

Indoor housing facilities.

Five dogs are housed in two 2 indoor housing facilities were the temperature exceeded 85 degrees for more than 4 hours. The temperature, measured by inspectors using a Kestrel 3000, was above 90 degrees in both buildings at the time of inspection. The outdoor temperature was 93 degrees and had been above 90 degrees the previous 4 hours according to

Prepared By: JENNIFER WALKER

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:
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Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL
OFFICER

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the Wunderground weather application. In one building, housing two yorkies, the temperature was 91 degrees at the time of inspection. In a garage housing a rottweiler and two French bulldogs, the temperature was 95 degrees. While the rottweiler and the Yorkies were panting, none of the dogs showed signs of stress related to the heat. The licensee did open an additional door in the Yorkie building said they would take them in the air-conditioned house to cool off. In the garage, the two main doors and a back door were opened to provide more air movement. Prolonged exposure to high ambient temperatures can quickly lead to serious health problems and even death if not relieved.

The licensee must maintain the temperature of the indoor housing facility so that the temperature does not exceed 85 degrees for more than 4 hours when animals are present.

To be corrected by 12PM 30 Jun 2026

3.11(a) **Direct** **Repeat**

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

One enclosure housing one adult female rottweiler "Angel" has not had excreta removed from the enclosure. Angel did not have a clean dry space in the enclosure in which to sit or move around. Angels feet and legs were wet at the time of inspection and there was visible fecal material on her legs and feet.

Failure to remove excreta daily from primary enclosures is resulting in an accumulation of feces and leading to an increased risk of disease hazards, odors, possible discomfort and medical ailments to the animals.

Excreta and food waste must be removed from primary enclosures daily, and from under primary enclosures as often as necessary to prevent an excessive accumulation of feces and food waste, to prevent soiling of the dogs or cats contained in the primary enclosures, and to reduce disease hazards, insects, pests and odors.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with a facility representative.

Additional Inspectors:

William Janecke, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

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USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
6017421	42-B-0340	001	Wuanita Swedlund	29-JUN-2026

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000014	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000013	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000027	Total	